



Pamoja Tunaweza

A Community-Driven
Socio-Economic
Development Initiative





→ **Editor** TotalEnergies E&P Mozambique Area 1 Limitada | Av. Julius Nyerere, 3412 | JN 3412 Office Park
Tel: +258 21 500 000 | Fax: +258 21 500 001 | Maputo | Mozambique
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1

The Mozambique LNG Project Overview

The Mozambique LNG Project is the first onshore development of a liquefied natural gas (LNG) plant in the country and shall be developed on a greenfield site on the Afungi Peninsula in Cabo Delgado, northern Mozambique.

Our project includes the development of the Golfinho and Atum fields located in Offshore Area 1 and the construction of two liquefaction trains with a total capacity of 13,12 million tons per annum (MTPA), with possible future expansion of up to 43 MTPA. The gas for the initial project will be produced from subsea wells and transported by submarine pipeline to the coast and to the LNG plant, on the Afungi peninsula. The estimation of the total recoverable natural gas is approximately up to 65 trillion cubic feet.

Our gas production will help decarbonize the energy mix of countries relying mainly on coal. The LNG produced from Area 1 will be best-in-class in terms of CO₂ footprint relative to other LNG producers due to clean gas, Mozambique's proximity to the important markets, and the use of the latest technology. More generally, the resource size in Area 1 will provide an important contribution to the achievement of global CO₂ emission targets as the world replaces coal in the energy transition.

The Mozambique LNG Project is operated by TotalEnergies – the world's second-largest LNG player with a leading presence in Africa – uniquely qualified to ensure the Mozambique LNG Project helps meet the world's increasing demand for sustainability, reliable, and cleaner energy sources.

TotalEnergies EP Mozambique Area 1 Limitada, a wholly owned subsidiary of Total SE, holds a 26.5% interest, alongside the following partners:

- Mitsui & Co: 20%
- OVL – ONGC Videsh Limited: 16%
- ENH – Empresa Nacional de Hidrocarbonetos: 15%
- BPRL – Bharat PetroResources Limited: 10%
- PTTEP – PTT Exploration and Production: 8.5%
- Oil India: 4%

The insurgent attacks in the North of Cabo Delgado in 2021 led to a deterioration of security conditions that did not allow Area 1 to pursue the Project. This situation has necessitated TotalEnergies, as operator of Mozambique LNG, to declare Force Majeure in April 2021.

The insurgent attacks had an impact on the lives and livelihoods of the local population, and Mozambique's Small and Medium Enterprises (SME's). We have expressed our solidarity with the government and people of

Mozambique and wish that the actions carried out by the government of Mozambique and its regional and international partners will enable the restoration of security and stability in Cabo Delgado province in a sustained manner.

The full and enduring restoration of order, stability and security in the region remains the responsibility of the Government of Mozambique. The restoration of order, stability and security includes the return of the displaced communities to their homes and livelihoods and the return of key government services.

We recognize that socio-economic development is an important component of any solution that addresses the security issue. Therefore, we are supporting the stabilization of the communities' livelihood through promotion of employment and training in the region in partnership with third party partners that have already successful projects in place.

This brochure is the channel through which we wish to share the results of the socio-economic development initiatives that initiated in the Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts of Cabo Delgado province, from January to December of 2022.



2

United Nations Sustainable Development Goals



TotalEnergies, as the operator of the Mozambique LNG, places sustainable development in all dimensions at the heart of its strategy, projects, and operations to contribute to people’s well-being. It aims to be a benchmark for endorsement of the United Nations’ Sustainable Development Goals.

To that end, TotalEnergies leverages the **principles of action** at the core of its responsible business model and its Code of Conduct, which applies to all of the Company’s operations around the world:

- **Safety** is a TotalEnergies value. Safety, operational excellence, and sustainable development go hand in hand.
- **Respect for each other** is another TotalEnergies value, and respect for human rights is a cornerstone of its Code of Conduct.
- **Zero Tolerance** is the rule in the fight against corruption and fraud
- **Transparency** is the rule in engagement with society, whatever the subject.

TotalEnergies is a member of the UN Global Compact and adheres to the Ten Principles of the UN Global Compact, framed in four fundamental areas of responsibilities: human rights, labor, environment, and anti-corruption. By integrating and implementing the Ten Principles, we positively contribute to achieving Sustainable Development Goals and collective global impact.

Furthermore, our commitment to the Sustainable Development Goals has four dimensions: **Climate and sustainable energy, People’s well-being, Care for the environment, and Creating shared value.** Globally, we create and drive positive change for communities in its host territories and, more broadly, for its employees, suppliers, customers, partners, states, and civil society.

We know that for change to occur, we need to work with the government and non-government actors, including community leaders and civil society partners. That is why, in Mozambique, we have established, with the community, a participatory initiative named ‘Pamoja Tunaweza’ to jointly make decisions and coordinate the implementation of initiatives and programmes that lead to:

- Preserving the Environment;
- Generating Income and Diversifying the local economy;
- Promoting Human Rights.



3

Our Social and Economic Development Vision

We envision an enabling environment throughout the Mozambique LNG Project life cycle. To accomplish this vision, we are committed to establishing and maintaining positive and constructive relationships with Mozambique LNG Project stakeholders and working with them to:

- i. Manage potential Project social impacts and risks by continuously assessing strategic and operational above-ground / non-technical Project and community risks and delivering social management plans.
- ii. Build a common vision of the future and promote development pathways that enable all stakeholders to participate in, support, and have a sense of ownership of the Project and the broader socio-economic change that the Project development will bring, thereby building the foundations for ongoing development.

We know that the Project's success is highly dependent on the satisfaction of our host communities. For this reason, since the beginning of the Project, we have been working with local stakeholders and the public and private sectors in Cabo Delgado to identify and support opportunities that simultaneously promote social and economic development while protecting the environment.

In addition, it has always been our commitment to address and mitigate Project-related risks to the economy, society, and the environment in a collaborative manner with all interested parties, locally and nationally.

Through these efforts, we attempt to stimulate and maintain vibrant communities by engaging, consulting, making decisions, and monitoring the progress of our investments consistently and systematically.



4

Pamoja Tunaweza

As part of its practice, TotalEnergies, as the operator of the Mozambique LNG Project, sets up dialogue procedures based on the consultation and involvement of stakeholders to develop constructive and transparent relations with them. Since its inception, the Mozambique LNG Project has consistently disclosed information and consulted with the local communities and the Cabo Delgado region stakeholders about the opportunities for holistic social development for Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts.

To engage more consistently, systematically, and regularly, the local stakeholders proposed establishing a participatory initiative named '*Pamoja Tunaweza*.'

'*Pamoja Tunaweza*' is a phrase in Kiswahili that means 'Together We Can' and this is the affirmation made by the collective voices of the host communities and Mozambique LNG Project stakeholders. It is a convening forum with the purpose of promoting open, transparent communication, address expectations, make decisions, and monitor the progress of all the projects responding to the needs identified by the local communities. This community-driven initiative, composed of community members, leaders, the Mozambique LNG Project, and local government, has the following objectives:

- To Position the Project as a partner in a multi-stakeholder environment.
- To Build sustainable and trust-based relationships between the Project and stakeholders focusing on local communities.
- To Promote participatory community engagement and ownership by establishing a reliable and functional initiative.
- To Build local capacity to effectively participate in and drive community socio-economic development.
- To Jointly identify opportunities for socio-economic development aligned with the government plans and community needs that also align with the Mozambique LNG Project social investment strategy.
- To Plan, engage, communicate, and monitor community-driven social investment initiatives through Multiyear Participatory Social Investment Plans.

Under the umbrella of '*Pamoja Tunaweza*,' the Mozambique LNG Project has consolidated the voices of local communities, public and private stakeholders locally and nationally to improve the performance of the existing projects while exploring future initiatives.

Stakeholders

The stakeholders represented in the '*Pamoja Tunaweza*' initiative include:

- Local community representatives
- Government authorities' representatives
- Local and national civil society representatives and small to medium local business owners
- The Mozambique LNG Project representatives

Guiding Principles

The '*Pamoja Tunaweza*' initiative is sustained by four important human rights principles: accountability, participation, empowerment, and inclusion.



Accountability: this principle calls on all '*Pamoja Tunaweza*' stakeholders to uphold their respective and well-defined duties and responsibilities, be willing and transparent in answering for actions and decisions, share public information freely with all involved, and comply with established standards.



Empowerment: within '*Pamoja Tunaweza*', we regard all stakeholders as agents of change, equally empowered to claim their rights and shape the decisions about the changes they wish to see in the communities. To achieve this, all stakeholders are invited to meetings, share information consistently, and are encouraged to speak in their best language. In addition, local leaders and representatives participate in the training offered by our implementing partners to develop the vocabulary to discuss the projects being implemented.



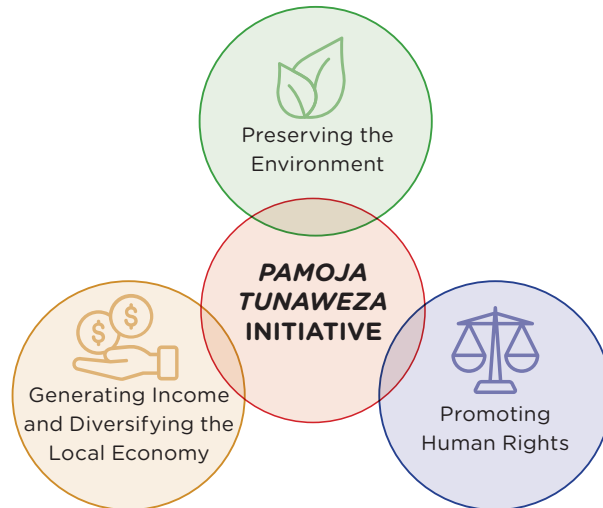
Participation: in '*Pamoja Tunaweza*,' participation refers to the effective involvement of stakeholders in all stages of the decision-making process about the projects being implemented in the region. We do this by discussing, aligning, and agreeing with local leaders and representatives of interest groups and convening meetings where all stakeholders are represented. By promoting participation, we reinforce empowerment, accountability, and transparency in all the phases of programmes and project implementation.



Inclusion: all initiatives agreed upon by '*Pamoja Tunaweza*' stakeholders are people-centered, and therefore, we make sure that the voices of all segments of the communities (especially women, youth, the elderly, and people with disabilities) are well represented in the initiative. Inclusion in the '*Pamoja Tunaweza*' also means addressing cultural practices that may exclude or discriminate against community members.

Our Focus Areas and Results for People

Under the ‘Pamoja Tunaweza’ socio-economic development initiative, we agreed to support implementing several social and environmental programmes. These programmes and projects respond to the most pressing priorities identified by the communities at the onset of the Mozambique LNG Project and fit under the three priority areas:



‘Pamoja Tunaweza’ in numbers up to December 2022:

+20million USD

invested for Pamoja Tunaweza initiative, in 2022

259

youth graduated from vocational and professional training

9,460

beneficiaries of livelihoods restoration program

67

business entities (29 Micro-SMEs; 20 Cooperatives & Associations; 18 Economic and Mpesa Agents)

+324Tons

food distributed for IDPs* in Cabo Delgado

4,786

farmers benefiting from agricultural initiatives

3,885

jobs created

382

jobs created by biodiversity initiatives

+25,000

people benefiting from Health programs

1,300kg

of recycled waste

30,000kg

of valorized waste

49,000

fruit trees planted

650ha

of mangrove planted

*Internally Displaced People



Preserving The Environment

Climate change and the preservation of the environment have long been included in the TotalEnergies’ strategy globally and locally. As a Corporation, TotalEnergies, as the operator of the Mozambique LNG Project, intends to lead the transformation of the energy model to contribute to the fight against climate change and meet the needs of populations. In addition, the Mozambique LNG Project ensures that the environmental impacts of all its operations are managed, thereby helping to preserve the environment, biodiversity, and freshwater resources.

With that in mind, under the ‘Pamoja Tunaweza’ initiative, we have identified the need to manage biodiversity while guaranteeing livelihoods for local populations.

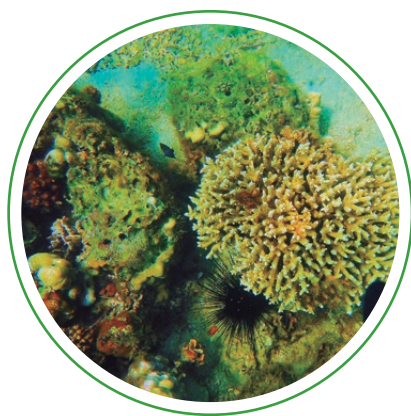


A Coral Reef Restoration and Sustainable Fishing

Coral reefs host a fundamental part of the marine food chain. Their extinction would be disastrous to the natural equilibrium and humankind. Coral reefs provide at least five essential ecosystem services to humanity, namely:

- ➔ **Food source:** 10% of the animal protein consumed on the whole planet derives from the coral reefs.
- ➔ **Livelihood** for several fishermen and low-income families living on the shoreline who rely on fisheries as their sole source of income.
- ➔ **Biodiversity and technology potential:** coral reefs are the most biodiverse aquatic ecosystem, only overcome by terrestrial tropical forests. Coral produces substances with pharmaceutical relevance and several others to be discovered.
- ➔ **Costal protection:** the coral reef is a submersed geological structure, representing a rigid and submerged barrier that protects the coast from storms and erosion.
- ➔ **Tourism:** the beauty of coral reefs attracts diving and beach tourists, who support jobs in the hospitality industry and other services throughout the tourism value chain.

Northern Mozambique is part of the west Indian Ocean biodiversity center region and was severely affected by Cyclone Kenneth in 2019. Kenneth was the strongest tropical cyclone ever recorded, and as a result, the coral reefs of Pemba Bay were transformed into debris. The lack of awareness and effective management has hindered the recovery of the coral reefs even three years after the cyclone.



In Mozambique, scientists have developed innovative ways to accelerate coral reef reproduction and recovery to support communities to manage and yield benefits from the sustainable use of biodiversity. In October 2022, the Mozambique LNG Project partnered with the Faculty of Sciences of UniLurio University to implement a Project to restore the coral reef and promote sustainable fisheries in the Cabo Delgado province, covering the coastal areas of Pemba, Maringanha, Wimbe, and Gimpia regions.

UniLurio Students will be trained in coral reefs and marine sciences through this project. The communities will become aware of coral reefs conservation, how to manage fishing in this environment, and how this can attract tourism to the region. With the support of UniLurio experts, the local communities are learning to restore corals by building artificial ones and deploying coral nurseries and spiders in project sites. This project will employ 23 people.

Alongside coral reef restoration, the Mozambique LNG Project partnered with UniLurio and the Provincial Service of Economic Activities to implement a sustainable fishing project in the same communities of Pemba. The project has two objectives: a) increase sustainability in fishing and b) provide sustainable livelihoods to the fishing communities of Pemba Bay. As part of the project, local Community Fisheries Councils (CFCs) are being trained on selective fishing arts; fisheries legislation and best practices; fisheries processing and conservation; savings, commercialization, and business management. Fishing equipment (three single-engine boats and fishing gear) will be provided to those CFCs. Around 850 people will benefit from this project. Given the nature of this project, the data and best practices collected throughout implementation will be used to inform the development of an integrated fisheries programme supported by the Mozambique LNG Project, including the ongoing sustainable fisheries project in Palma and Mocimboa da Praia under the '*Kuna Katumaini*' Program.

B Mangrove Restoration project

The Mozambique Government has approved the Mangrove Management Strategy, a priority policy instrument designed to guide action towards reducing all sorts of pressure on mangrove ecosystems and revert its current situation of degradation and destruction across the country. Our mangrove restoration project is aligned with the national mangrove management strategy priorities and the goal is to promote restoration initiatives (in the coastal region of Cabo Delgado province).

Through this investment, we are restoring over 3,000 hectare (ha) of mangroves in the Administrative Posts of Palma Sede, Olumbe, Maganja, and Quionga in the Palma district and the northern territories of Mocimboa da Praia district. Mangrove reforestation has critical environmental benefits, promoting ecosystem maintenance and enrichment. Moreover, mangrove planting is a great way to contribute massively to carbon sequestration.



This project initiated in March of 2022 in partnership with *Associação EDEN Reforestation*, and we are creating jobs for the local communities. We also expect that the successful results of the initiative will enhance the Mozambique LNG Project’s ability to actively contribute to carbon capture and storage across the region.

C Tree Nursery Project

Planting trees contributes to protecting and conserving fragile ecosystems and biodiversity conservation with a view to sustainable development. The objective of the Tree Nursery project, which we implement with our partner *Associação EDEN Reforestation*, is to cultivate and replant tree species of conservation value based on project site ecological sensitivities (e.g., the *berlinea orientalis*, etc.) and locally cultivated fruit and indigenous trees in Palma district. This project was launched in March of 2022 and expect to have planted the following species in 24 months:

- Trees for fruit/food production (tree species include cashew nut trees, mango trees, orange, and other citrus plus other trees to be agreed with local communities and small and medium enterprises);
- Trees for rehabilitating degraded lands (e.g., the mangrove, *berlinea orientalis*, *afzeliaquanzensis*, and *chanfuta*).

The business model has been designed to contribute to the region’s ecological balance while providing an income generation source to families located specifically in Maganja, Mute, and Senga communities.

D Rovuma Belt Bamboo Industry project

The Bamboo tree is a crop with multiple benefits, and when sustainably produced, bamboo can be used in building, manufacturing, decoration, and as a food source. In addition, bamboo helps to prevent soil erosion and reduce carbon dioxide from nature, amongst other environmental benefits.

The vision of this project is to ensure stability through the development of sustainable social, economic, environmental protection, and reforestation projects in the Palma and Mocimboa da Praia Districts. The vision is to redefine the district as the key biomass producer for energy, construction materials, and carbon sequestration. Sustainably produced and harvested biomass significantly preserves and re-establishes natural habitats, reduces pressure on limited forest resources, reduces carbon dioxide emissions, and provides sustainable livelihoods for thousands of people.

The Beema Bamboo has a potential to sequester large quantities of Carbon from the atmosphere. As such, the bamboo industry in the Rovuma belt can capitalize on the ability to sell carbon offset credits to TotalEnergies. It can also serve to produce biomass, which can be used as an alternative



to producing energy for electricity generation and transport, amongst other uses, while creating jobs and increasing livelihoods.

The model envisions private and institutional investors on a village-to-village basis, whereby the investment is targeted toward developing Bamboo growers. Companies and Institutions alike are encouraged to finance plantation infrastructure development and extension services. The Community Upliftment project can potentially benefit 1,350 families directly and hundreds more indirectly within the five years of its implementation.

Since the second semester of 2022, the project is being implemented by our partner Fundação para o Desenvolvimento de Palma (FPDP) in Ncumbi, Matapata, and Ngueo villages and has managed to provide work for members of the local communities.

E Waste valorization Project

Waste can become an opportunity for the other activities that are taking place in Palma through its valorization. Waste valorization transforms organic residues into products that benefit local farmers in associations or small to medium businesses.

In June of 2022, we launched a Waste Valorization project in alignment with TotalEnergies's global commitment towards the environment and based on the Mozambique LNG Project international industry waste management practices and requirements. This project aspires to create alternative and sustainable ways to manage organic waste associated with the Mozambique LNG Project site and increase community awareness of waste generation, reduction, reuse, and valorization.

Through this project, we want to:

- Establish a waste valorization scheme to process all locally generated organic, metal, plastic, and paper waste;
- Implement waste segregation at the source, including classification, weighing, and transport from collection areas to the processing site. This shall also include reclassification at the processing site, crushing, mixing, composting, compacting, bailing, and storage;
- Develop and implement demonstration initiatives for the use of valorized waste (e.g., compost);
- Train and support the establishment of a locally based waste valorization Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs).

The project is currently managed by our partners *Associação EDEN* Reforestation and UMLINGO, a Pemba-based SME, and it has created 15 jobs for local community members in the vicinity of the Afungi camps.





Generating Income and Diversifying the Local Economy

We have identified the potential to generate shared prosperity across the northern region of the Cabo Delgado province in general, and Palma and Mocimboa da Praia specifically. Through consultation with local communities, we have been investing in income-generation projects that are sustainable and have the potential to deliver social and economic benefits to local communities and other indirect beneficiaries. The projects presented below range from agricultural and fisheries; capacity building and skills development for youth and for Small to Medium Enterprises (SME); entrepreneurship; and livelihood support and enhancement.



A *'Kuna Katumaini'* Programme

After the insurgent attacks on Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts in 2021, many communities were deprived of their livelihoods and means of production. Upon consultation with *'Pamoja Tunaweza'* stakeholders, we established an integrated livelihoods programme to bring back a sense of hope and capacity to take action amongst community members in the region.

As a result, the *'Kuna Katumaini'* (which means "There is Hope" in Kiswahili language) Programme initiated in November of 2021, in partnership with *Fundação MASC*, with the purpose of restoring livelihood in Palma and Mocimboa da Praia Districts. This Programme is divided into several components: Micro Leasing, Support to small traders (Micro Credit), Retail Networks, Fisheries, and Livestock (Goats/Sheep).

Micro Leasing Component

The Micro Leasing component aims to enable communities to engage in income-generation activities and to start or grow enterprises within a short timeframe (within 6 to 12 months) - without the worry of capital-intensive investment in equipment.

The priority is to give community members the means and opportunity to play the principal role in finding development solutions for their communities. We aim to support the development of community businesses, improve, and encourage subsistence initiatives, and the development of skills and income-generating activities. This support has targeted community members of Palma, Senga, Mondlane, Manguna, Pundanhar, Zambia, Mute, Mocimboa da Praia, Olumbe, Quionga,



Quirinde, Maganja, Quiwiya, Quitunda. It covers the provision of Freezer Trucks, Logistics Trucks, Sewing Machines, Grinding Mills, Tuk-Tuks, Fishing Equipment, and Retail Equipment.

Micro Credit Component

The purpose of the Micro Credit component is to support communities in creating informal financial cooperatives. This revolving fund aims to provide access to seed capital for establishing small business financial services to otherwise excluded groups, promote financial inclusion, and provide community members with basic and practical financial experiences.

In selecting beneficiaries, priority is given to saving groups already established or formed within the communities as a trust relationship is already in place. The savings and credit is a revolving fund that assists community members, especially women, and youth, with the opportunity to form or re-establish social networks and to give them access to resources to expand and develop new cash-earning micro-enterprises as well as meet social needs in their communities.

Since the beginning of the Mozambique LNG Project, we have provided financial training and loans to 70 savings/credit groups in all localities of Palma, Senga, Mondlane, Manguna, Pundanhar, Zambia, Mute, Mocimboa da Praia, Olumbe, Quionga, Quirinde, Maganja, Quiwiya, Quitunda.

Retail Network Component

The Retail Network component intends to further help establish local enterprises and support small business traders within a year. We are building a series of stores for fishing and retail enterprise, offer support, and provide retail equipment for small business traders who sell clothing, cosmetics, cold drinks, sugar, airtime, and MPESA agents.

So far, we have helped establish 12 Retail Stores and 120 Small business traders. We intend to cover all localities of Palma, Senga, Mondlane, Manguna, Pundanhar, Zambia, Mute, Olumbe, Quionga, Quirinde, Maganja, Quiwiya, Quitunda. In Mocimboa da Praia, we have also supported a group of small business owners who had lost their goods and shops during the insurgent attacks.

Retail Component: Installation of Solar Kiosks in Palma and Mocimboa da Praia

Development and business practitioners in Africa and other parts of the world have recognized that energy and connectivity are key ingredients to stimulate vibrant economic and social development in rural “off-grid” communities. Using Solar Kiosks, rural communities can generate rapid income, whilst promoting the business of others who use their services.



A solar kiosk is an outlet with a self-functioning system that produces its own renewable and sustainable electricity and provides additional energy charging stations for other electric and electronic products. Having launched the project in August 2022, our target is the installation of 24 solar kiosks, and we have so far distributed 15. The Kiosk owners also receive initial goods and services to start the business, including registration as Mpesa agents; a basic cellphone for transactions; the equipment to charge client's cellphones and other devices; and small freezers that can be used for the business.

The beneficiaries are selected by the 'Pamoja Tunaweza' partners committee, and the priority groups include women and youth who had demonstrated entrepreneurial mindset yet do not have a stall to sell their goods.

Retail Component: Distribution of sewing machines

There is a potentially good market for sewing products, including uniforms for students, governments officers, and the Mozambique LNG Project staff. During the mapping exercise, the 'Pamoja Tunaweza' stakeholders identified many people with skills and talents for sewing and yet they did not own machines. To support them in establishing small sewing business, the Mozambique LNG Project acquired, and donated 50 sewing machines, to be distributed in 18 different communities. So far, 21 machines have been allocated to small business owners through our partner *Fundação MASC*, and they will also provide technical assistance.



Retail Component: Personal Protective Equipment Shop

Safety is a TotalEnergies value, and it goes hand in hand with operational excellence and sustainable development. This applies to the company's operations as well as those of all stakeholders at the Mozambique LNG Project site. In Palma, there were no Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) or uniforms shops available, despite the considerable number of tailors performing activities individually around the Palma district. This constituted both a need for those who engage in activities that require PPE, as well as an opportunity for the craftspeople who can provide the services.

The project has three objectives, including: i) Empowering local existing businesses for the production and selling of PPE and uniforms; ii) Building the capacity and sustainable employment for local talented Tailors; iii) Increasing the availability of affordable PPE and uniforms for SMEs and other businesses.

We have supported a group of local entrepreneurs to establish and register an SME focused on the production and selling of PPE and uniforms. Local tailors were recruited and trained in PPE manufacturing techniques, and youth are trained in marketing and selling techniques. With initial equipment and raw materials provided by the project, tailors are producing PPE for other local entrepreneurs that are required to apply Health and



Safety practices. The Personal Protective Clothing manufacturing facility in Palma sede has been completed in the second semester of 2022, and the shop is already operational.

Livestock (Goats/Sheep) Component

The main aim of the Livestock activity is to facilitate the livelihoods, subsistence, and income generation for the communities within the identified localities - without the concern of initial capital-intensive investment. This will enable the removal of some of the usual barriers to entry into the local economy.

Each beneficiary family receives female and male goats/sheep, a kraal, and livestock extension services (science based technical support for animal nutrition, animal health, and animal management). Families who have received the goats/sheep will hand over some of the animals after 24 months so that other families can benefit from reproducing this livestock.

The project was launched in early 2022, and 12 families have benefited so far. We expect to reach 300 families in Olumbe, Zambia, Maganja, Mondlane, Quiwiya, Senga, Manguna, Mute, Pundanhar, and Mocimboa da Praia.

Fisheries Component

The Cabo Delgado provides a wealth of fishing resources in its marine and inland waters, with many species present in relatively small volume and concentration that limits the possibilities of developing large industrial forms of fishing. Currently, fishing activities are entirely artisanal, and part of the sea fish stocks accessible to artisanal fishing is near full exploitation, and some of them are overexploited.

The project overall objective is to promote sustainable fishing activities in the Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts. This objective is accomplished through the implementation of actions in the four main areas mentioned below, namely:

- i. Supporting value chain development: the project component is establishing a network of players along the value chain, including both small- and large-scale operators;
- ii. Improving supporting infrastructure: to improve access to landing sites and increase the availability of fish handling and processing facilities that will ensure efficient transport of high-quality fish products to marketplaces, thus increasing the market value of the fish sold and therefore ensuring a higher return to value chain participants;
- iii. Developing financial services: to enhance the quality of investment and operations by improving the delivery and sustainability of financial services in fishing communities. The component would combine support for establishing and strengthening savings and credit groups of Rotative Savings and Credit, setting up village banks, and expanding



the use of mobile technology such as Mpesa. Leasing and micro-leasing, as well as insurance products, will also be introduced;

- iv. Institutional strengthening: to create and/or strengthen grassroots organizations in artisanal fishing communities to become active players representing their constituency or developing joint interventions and increase their capacity to fulfill their roles in the various development processes.

During the year 2022, the project benefited 1,663 fishermen with diverse assistance in the districts of Palma and Mocimboa da Praia. This assistance included the repair of 56 boats and distributing fishing materials, including fishing Kits and freezer trucks for 42 fishermen in Olumbe and Mondlane.

In addition, we have supported the construction of a shop to sell fishing inputs and provide technical assistance for fishermen. We expect that the lessons from the sustainable fishing project with UniLurio will also bring improvements in the fishing practices in the Afungi peninsula. Through this enterprise, we will also support fishermen with processing and packaging to export their fish into the Cabo Delgado market and help them to increase production through the micro-credit component.

B Community-Based Seaweed and Sea Cucumber Farming

In our efforts to diversify the economy, improve the livelihoods and empower the local communities, in partnership with our partners Associação EDEN Reforestation, and the company SJ Chamo Lda, we are investing in a sustainable aquaculture Project since August of 2022. This Project builds the capacity of local communities, creating the potential to leverage and transform the current levels of food insecurity and artisanal-fish-dependency economy to the levels of commercial aquaculture and development of subproducts and a value chain for seaweed, as envisaged in the National Strategy for the Development of Aquaculture.

The contractor, SJ Chamo Lda, is employing their expertise to develop the capacity of local community members to farm Seaweed (*Eucheuma denticulatum* & *Kappaphycus alvarezii*) & Sea Cucumber (*Holothurian scabra*) in both Nfunzi and Mondlane communities in Palma District. The project can potentially expand to Mocimboa da Praia communities and other locations in Palma. Seaweed and sea cucumbers are marine organisms whose cultivation techniques are easy to disseminate and assimilate by rural communities. Both seaweed and sea cucumber do not require the use of feed during the growing phase. Moreover their processing does not require freezing facilities, thus resulting in an optimum economic return for rural communities, even those living in very remote areas.

The Mozambique LNG Project Local Content team will assist with creating SMEs and their capacity building. In contrast, a product developer will be hired to help in the development/improvement of specific subproducts, such as seaweed soap, to reach market standards. The Pilot Project, with



a duration of one year, is already in progress and employing 100 people, thus, contributing to local families' livelihoods.

C Sunshine Nuts Community Enterprise



Mozambique was, in the past, the world leader in cashew exports, and we want to build on that legacy again. With our local stakeholders, we agreed that investing in the cashew value chain in Palma could be a viable source of income and a great contributor to the local, provincial, and country economies.

In February of 2022, we partnered with The Sunshine Approach Foundation to pilot the Sunshine project, an innovative supply chain for Mozambican cashew processing. The Sunshine project aims to implement large-scale community cashew plantations and build a cashew processing factory. The model brings great advantages to our farmers and other community members because they are stakeholders in the whole value chain, reducing the role of the middlemen and minimizing the need for extra financing. The farmers, organized in small associations, will have the opportunity to sell their products and participate in streamlined processing that is competitive with world market standards, creative manufacturing methods, and involvement of the retail marketplace in the process.

The project involves seven communities, six for the cashew plantation (in Maganja, Patacua Macala, Nkalanga, Manguna, Quionga, and Quirinde) and one for the factory (in Palma-sede). This project has already created around 150 job opportunities for communities in the areas mentioned above. As the project grows and prospers, we expect these numbers to increase.

D Cashew Nuts Pruning and Pulverization

Developing and maintaining cashew crops has a proven contribution as a sustainable livelihood initiative, as it can increase household income through improved production, processing and marketing of cashew nuts.

In this regard, the Cashew Nuts Pruning and Pulverization Program aims to contribute to the maintenance and enhancement of the Cabo Delgado Region cashew park, by boosting its production, and therefore, supporting local communities livelihood and income generation.

In addition to the income generation benefits, cashew cropping is an important adaptive and mitigation measure for climate change, as it contributes to carbon sequestration and reduction of Greenhouse Gases in the atmosphere.

In partnership with its Implementation Partner, Associação EDEN Reforestation, and in alignment with the Mozambique Annual Cashew Crop Calendar, this initiative, currently being implemented in three main locations namely, Palma Sede, Quionga and Quirinde in the Palma District, have since March 2022 engaged and supported 446 families, with a total of 50,000 cashew trees benefiting from pruning, pest and disease control campaigns.

With already visible positive cashew production impacts, the program will continue to be implemented during 2023.

E Support for the Agricultural Development of Mocimboa da Praia and Palma Districts

The Palma and Mocimboa da Praia communities, rely heavily on agriculture for their livelihoods. The tropical cyclone Kenneth that occurred in 2019, as well as the insurgent attacks in the region have prevented them from practicing agricultural activities, including accessing the means and inputs for production and markets for their products.

Food and Biofuels Project

The project, which is implemented by Mozambican Women in Energy (MWE) and João Ferreira dos Santos (JFS), was designed to restore livelihoods for enhanced resilience of vulnerable communities in Mocimboa da Praia and Palma by providing inputs (seeds, pesticides, tools) and technical assistance in agriculture production and market access for approximately 2,000 farmers.

To generate income and go through the value chain, the project will implement the right structure for technical assistance and create better access to the market. Furthermore, it will also provide agronomic services (crop validation, testing, demo plots) to the biofuel feasibility studies and other possible value chains.

This project began in October of 2022 and will be implemented in 12 months, focusing on the following pillars:

Pillar 1:

- ➔ Reestablish the commercial agricultural activity in Mocimboa da Praia and Palma districts by providing the following services: Subsidize high-quality inputs: summer crop and vegetable seeds, bio agrochemicals, tools, PPEs, field notebooks, and sprayers.
- ➔ Provide technical assistance through monthly visits to the family fields as well as field days in the communities.
- ➔ Provide market to the farmers: off-take agreements guaranteed or eased by the projects' implementation partners.
- ➔ Establish the outgrowing scheme in the region.

Pillar 2:

- ➔ Agronomic Support to the agroindustry development in the Mocimboa da Praia and Palma districts.
- ➔ Technical support to the biofuel feasibility assessment including agronomic biofuel validation and executive project data gathering.



Veggie Basket: Production of vegetable gardens and technical support to small farmers Project

As part of Mozambique LNG Project social investment strategy, the Catalisa project was established to provide opportunities for producers and youth in Cabo Delgado through inclusive, private-sector-led economic development. On that journey, Catalisa partnered with Veggie Basket to establish a farm and demo plot in Palma to promote sustainable livelihoods in the communities.

In partnership with Veggie basket, in March of 2022 we initiated expansion of production activities in Palma and established a demo plot where local communities are learning to improve production techniques for implementation in their fields. We are also supporting Farmers with technical assistance, procuring produce from them and consolidating with its own production to supply the local (Palma) market.

The initial market is the Catering sector, as local communities do not have the income to purchase vegetables. The second option market under discussion is the Mozambique LNG Project buying the produce to donate to the IDPs in Palma. A key feature of Veggie Basket's market positioning is the consistency of supply and quality; its own production and out-grower will allow for mitigating failure risks.

The project activities are taking place in Senga (demonstration plot), Eduardo Mondlane (own production), and surrounding communities (outgrowing). Additionally, the project has employed 13 local people as permanent workers and around 50 seasonal workers and trained 119 Farmers in the Project sites. As a result, in 2022, the Project supplied 1.1 tons of vegetables to the camp, including tomatoes, carrots, kale, lettuce, peppers, cassava, sweet potatoes, spinach, and eggplant. By the end of the year 2022, we had harvested 12 tons of the vegetable basket.

Community Vegetable Production for Afungi Site Catering

In order to provide Mozambique LNG Project catering with a sustainable, local supply chain which in turn offers stability to the population in the most vulnerable areas, we supported the establishment of Community Associations to produce vegetables and other sustainable products in a semi-intensive agricultural model.

The Catering company from the Afungi site provides ongoing mentoring and guidance to the Community Associations, assisting the associations in delivering a consistent supply of quality produce in the necessary quantity year-round in Mute and Olumbe. Currently, there are 27 members in the Mute association, cultivating an area of 2.84 ha. In Olumbe, the association has 22 members who are cultivating 3.2 ha.

This programme is a pivotal element of the broader stabilization process, restoring hope in some of the most isolated communities directly impacted by the insurgency. The Catering company purchases the produce directly from the communities. In time, the associations can take the excess yields



to the local market. Apart from the two farms set up in Mute and Olumbe, there are no plans for further expansions at this stage.

F Rota Certa - Mobile Seed Shops Project

In Cabo Delgado in general and Palma district in particular, agriculture has always played a pivotal role in food and nutritional security. However, in the Palma district, agricultural activity was limited because farmers could only acquire the means of production outside the district. One important input was quality seeds in quantities to address the needs of local farmers and farming associations.

In response to that and in partnership with 'AQI' - a local agricultural inputs shop, the project 'Rota Certa' was established to increase the availability of agricultural inputs in the Palma district and support communities to restore their livelihoods through agriculture using better inputs available on time and better price.

'Rota certa' means getting a range of products to the final consumer through agro-dealers on fixed days and home deliveries. The project 'Rota certa' is a local business initiative to distribute seeds via agro-dealers. Currently, 6 potential agro-dealers have been identified (2 from Maganja, 2 from Mondlane, and 2 from Palma), and their business licensing has been completed with support from Gapi - Sociedade de Investimento. The Agro-dealers have been trained to manage the business, which will reach farmers, sell inputs, and provide them with technical assistance to utilize them. Contrary to when they had to travel to another district to shop for inputs, this initiative will reach farmers easily and timely in different communities in the Palma district.

G Cash for Work and Youth Employability

One of 'Pamoja Tunaweza's commitments to boost the Palma district economy is creating jobs so that people can meet their basic needs and have the option of investing in small business initiatives. We leverage our relationships with enterprises implementing various projects in Palma and encourage them to train and employ local youth in various industries.

One of the initiatives is cash-for-work, which is based on the International Labor Organization (ILO) guidelines for cash-for-work practices. The guidelines define cash-for-work programmes as a form of social protection whereby the most disaster-affected communities can quickly earn cash under 'decent work' conditions to enable them to get back on their feet.

Beginning in April 2022, the 'Pamoja Tunaweza' initiative has adopted this to accelerate community members' access to work and cash to support their livelihoods in Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts. This approach is widely implemented worldwide. It supports unskilled and semi-skilled community workers to be employed for short periods on labor-intensive projects such as rehabilitation road construction and maintenance.



Road Vegetation clearing

The project is led by MAX company, one of the service providers in the Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts. Through this project, local community members are being employed in the Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts to clear the vegetation and increase safety along the road.

Manufacturing of construction bricks

In addition to the road vegetation clearing, community members have also been involved in Brick Making. This project is being developed in Olumbe and Mute Administrative Posts. The process started with 7 Brick Machines and the involvement of youth trained and encouraged to form small groups who can later formalize their business as brick makers, to sell the bricks or offer their labor to potential employers in the Palma district, especially at a time of reconstruction and development of the district.

Building and rehabilitation of Infrastructure

As part of 'Pamoja Tunaweza' initiative we have initiated two major actions to employ short-term labor in the Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts.

The first initiative aims to support the government with reconstruction initiatives by cleaning debris and dirt from the roads and buildings in the Mocimboa da Praia district.

The second initiative is aligned with a priority of the government's National Development Strategy 2015-2035: to improve the road system as a stimulant of economic growth at localized and countrywide levels. It is essential to mention that the northeast districts of Cabo Delgado province are rich in natural resources and rely on agriculture for subsistence, employment, and income generation, yet the roads are not passable. With the increase in safety, as well as the fast growth of business initiatives, 'Pamoja Tunaweza' stakeholders have recognized the need to improve the connectivity and safety of the road system in the region. In addition to employment, this impacts to commerce and access to various social services for the people.

H Vocational training for young people in Cabo Delgado

Through its ToatalEnergies Foundation, TotalEnergies is committed to providing young people who have been left behind with opportunities to reach their full potential by developing their know-how and soft skills. Under the 'Pamoja Tunaweza' initiative, we consistently do this through our various projects.

This project, implemented under a Memorandum of Understanding with Instituto de Formação Profissional e Estudos Laborais Alberto Cassimo (IFPELAC), contributes to increasing Mozambican youth professional competencies and capacitates them for the job opportunities that the



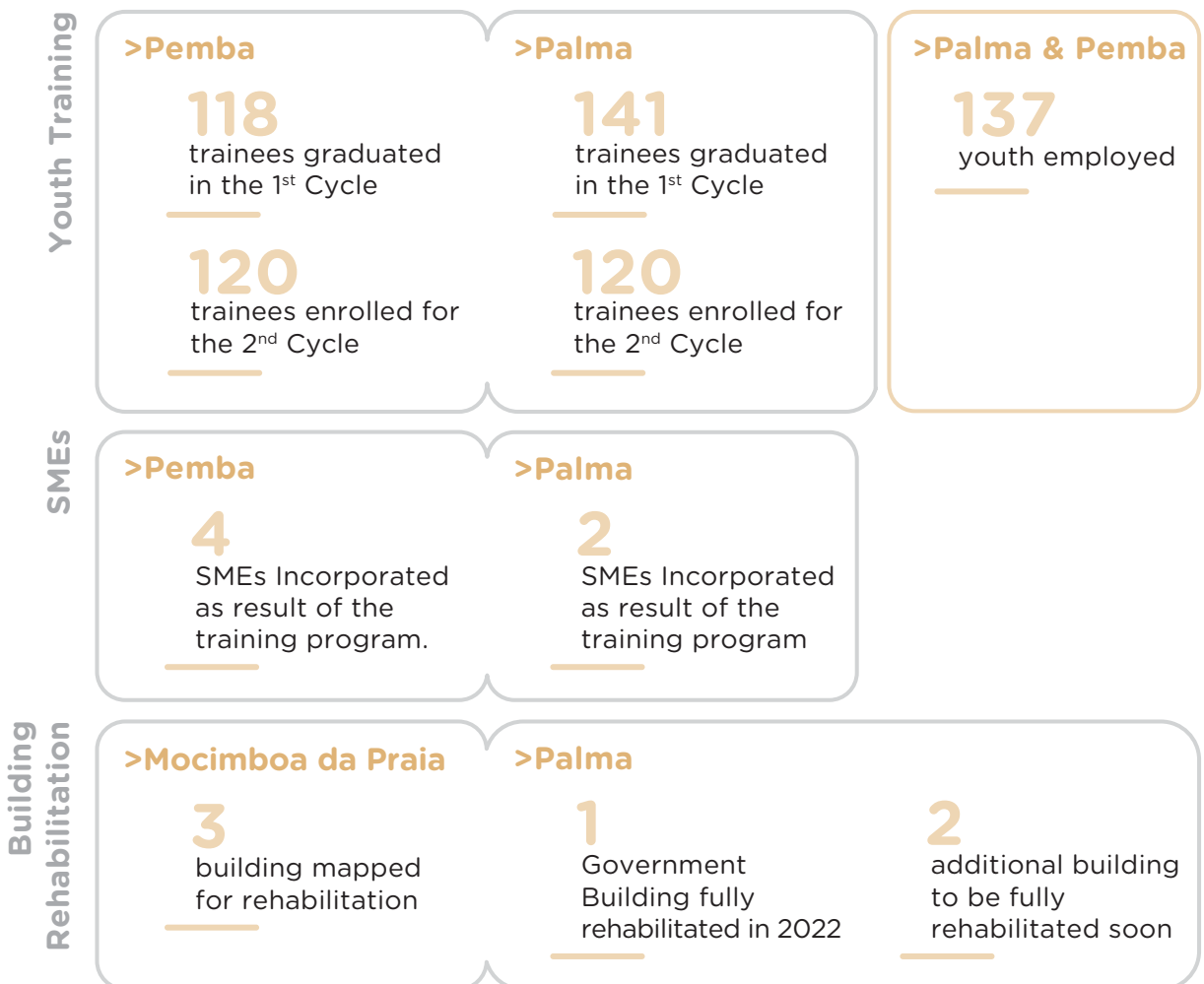
market offers. The project started in March of 2022 and we expect it to run for 5 years.

We expect that this project will result in: i) Improving IFPELAC’s capacity to provide training services; ii) increasing the capacity of trainers to deliver training for their students; iii) the rehabilitation of the institute’s infrastructure; iv) contributing to on-the-job training through increase the number of Cabo Delgado youth trained in technical areas required by the oil and gas and other sectors.

This project has been investing in vocational training in Pemba, Palma, and soon in Mocimboa da Praia, including on-the-job training to support the rehabilitation of public buildings.

The project aims to train over 2,500 youth in Cabo Delgado within 5 Years with basic vocational training skills in construction, carpentry, electricity, plumbing, cooling, air-conditioning, and photovoltaic energy.

To date, 259 young people have graduated. Following the conclusion of the 1st cycle, students with leadership potential were selected to establish 6 companies, and we are providing technical assistance in Business Management.



I Mimi Niko Kazi (MNK)

In alignment with the previous project, focusing on increasing the employability of young people, we initiated the Mimi Niko Kazi (MNK) Youth Employment Programme to provide a quick, flexible, and quality service, which enables private sector employers to source entry-level talent in a time and cost-efficient manner. This project is implemented by our partner MozParks.

The project works by placing young people in internships to provide youths with six months of on-the-job training, allowing them to develop their professional skills in an industrial environment and gain valuable professional experience. Based on a private sector demand-led approach, the project identifies the talent they need and empowers interns to perform well. The objective of the training and internship programme includes providing the youth with Health & Safety, Work Readiness, and Soft Skills training for all interns.

In 2022, we succeeded in placing 55 young people in various companies in Cabo Delgado (ITEC, Petromoc, FIPAG, VM Service, Pro-Consultoria & Serviços, ALPS Resilience, Business Solution, AMT, Machado's Holding Lda, Caritas Diocesana de Pemba and RW Machambas) and Nampula (First Base and Coca Cola). The first phase of the project has a duration of 12 months; therefore it is expected to end in March of 2023.

J Microfinance

As seen above, we have been investing massively in promoting micro business initiatives. To better assist in developing said initiatives, an internal assessment was conducted in which it was identified that most micro, small, and medium enterprises (Micro-SMEs) face challenges derived from the lack of (i) access to affordable financing solutions; (ii) quality labour & capacity building; (iii) access and knowledge on technology for business improvement; and (iv) financial and management expertise.

Additionally, the lack of legalized Micro-SMEs created a constant restriction in the ability for these entities to grow their business by expanding their client pool to structured companies. This has occurred as a result of their lack of company structure such as restrictions of payment options other than cash, and the inability to process legalized financial documentation (ex. invoices, receipts, etc.). To assist in the resolution of such issues, we have been conducting actions for the creation, legalization, capacity building, and sustainability of Micro-SMEs, Cooperatives and Associations.

For the creation and legalization aspect, with the support of a hired law firm, actions are being conducted that result in the legal incorporation and legalization of entities with a commercial purpose (Micro-SMEs, community Cooperatives, Economic and Mpesa Agents). At the conclusion of the incorporation process, the micro-entities have the following:



- All the legal documentation a fully compliant business entity is required to have in the Republic of Mozambique (registration and commercial certificates, business permit, NUIT, etc.);
- Quotation, invoice and receipt books, as well as company stamps;
- Instruments for treasury management (Company bank accounts, and mobile banking services);
- Support with the necessary processing of documentation that requires the representation of a legal counsel during the incorporation process;
- Support with payment guides for tax responsibilities and work management; and
- Support with appropriate invoicing procedures, amongst others.

From the beginning of the incorporation actions in January 2022, there have been a total of 67 entities legalized comprised of; 29 Micro-SMEs, 20 community Cooperatives & Associations and 18 Economic & Mpesa Agents.

To assist with positioning these entities in a successful path, an important aspect is that of capacity building and access to affordable financing solutions. Regarding dedicated capacity building and introductory training into business management and entrepreneurship, we have partnered with ELS Consulting which provides support to these entities that begins from prior to their incorporation, through support with obtaining personal identification documents for the shareholders and the necessary documentation to conduct the legal incorporation, to dedicated sessions of business coaching and mentoring, human resource management, as well as support with fulfilling their fiscal responsibilities with the government, amongst others.

Moreover, we partnered with Gapi - Sociedade de Investimentos which is a local financial institution, to roll-out the Microfinance project with three objectives:

- Enhance the business capacity of community Associations and Cooperatives, and Micro-SMEs through the provision of business training and technical assistance;
- Establish new community Associations and Cooperatives to promote agriculture as a means of income, food security, reducing malnutrition, and conducting the provision of business services; and
- Establish a credit fund to create and develop new entities, as well as provide financial support for the sustainability and growth of the existing entities.

Since the Microfinance project's launch in April 2022, we have achieved the following results:

47

entities comprised of Micro-SMEs, Cooperatives and Agro-dealers, have received in-class training in Business & Credit Management

25

entities have received dedicated coaching & mentoring sessions, resulting in 25 Business Plans being finalized (1 business plan per entity)

21

entities are currently receiving coaching & mentoring sessions, of which their Business Plans are being prepared, to be concluded by May 2023

8

entities have received loans for a total value of 57K USD

3

entities have reimbursed 12% of the value received







Promoting Human Rights

TotalEnergies, as the operator of the Mozambique LNG Project, adheres to international principles such as the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the UN Global Compact, the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, the Voluntary Principles on Business and Human Rights (VPHR), the OECD Guidelines and the Key Conventions of ILO. To implement these guidelines, the company pays special attention to the rights and concerns of all staff, service providers, and local communities in the countries where it operates. This includes the right to education, health, and an adequate standard of living for families and individuals in all territories where TotalEnergies develops its businesses.

For the Mozambique LNG Project, people's human rights are equally paramount for business success. Therefore, actions and mechanisms are in place to guarantee access to essential services such as health, water, education, and safety. Below we present the initiatives taking place in Palma specifically and Cabo Delgado in general.



A Health - Improving Communities Health Outcomes through Integrated Programming

The initiative of Improving Community Health Outcomes through Integrated Programming began during the exploration phase of the Mozambique LNG Project and continues to be a priority intervention in Palma, Ancuabe, and Pemba, despite the insurgent attacks that took place in the region in 2021. This primarily preventative community health programme addresses the population's risk of developing health problems caused by inadequate health services, safe drinking water, access to nutritious food, unsafe behavior, and other important health determinants.

The programme was primarily implemented in Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts. However, after the insurgency events, the scope was extended to Pemba and Ancuabe, following the IDPs route from Palma and other locations in March 2021.

The programme focuses mainly on the public health problems encountered in Mozambique, such as access to HIV and tuberculosis services (testing and treatment); Sexual and reproductive health education for women, youth, and adolescents; access to clean and safe water; nutritional education; health seeking behavior; capacity building for local health services. In addition, a mental health programme was included, whereby IDPs receive assistance for various mental health disorders, most related to exposure to terrorism events.



In 2022, the government announced the return of internally displaced populations to their areas of origin. It was at this time that the project increased its critical role in providing primary health care in remote areas through mobile brigades. The Mozambique LNG Project donated two equipped mobile clinic trucks, one allocated to the Palma district aiding capabilities to deliver medical assistance and health promotion to remote communities. About 25,000 people have been assisted in the Palma district since the deployment of mobile clinic services.

B Health - Sustainable Malaria Control Programme

Malaria is endemic in Mozambique and the Palma district, where the prevalence rate is about 60%, making malaria the most common illness and a major cause of mortality, especially in children.

In April 2022, the Mozambique LNG Project, in partnership with *Fundação MASC* and *Fumilar*, began the implementation of a pilot Sustainable Malaria Control Programme (SMCP) to expand the government's national malaria control programme. The project was established in 5 locations: Palma-sede, Maganja, Quitunda, Mute, and Olumbe. To deliver the project, 65 members were selected from the communities above. They received on-the-job training on vector control interventions, including awareness and education, spray techniques for adult mosquitoes, identification and treatment of breeding sites targeting the immature stages of mosquitoes, and safe use of spraying equipment and insecticides. The 65 vector control assistants were provided with lifelong skills to grant sustainability and successful malaria control in their communities.

The project has reached more than 30,000 people through a door-to-door awareness campaign for malaria prevention. About 2,237 people benefited from the massive Indoor residual spraying piloted in Quitunda village. The project has also supported the logistics and organization of the massive distribution of 35,000 bed nets that covered almost the entire Palma district population.

As a result, on the one hand it has reduced the burden of malaria disease in the region, and on the other it brought economic benefits through job creation opportunities to local communities.

C WASH - Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene

TotalEnergies and the Mozambique LNG Project recognize that safe drinking water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) are crucial to human survival. WASH is a prerequisite to health and contributes to livelihoods and communities' general well-being and welfare. That is why it has always been a priority for the Mozambique LNG Project increase access to water sources in Palma and Mocimboa da Praia.



With the increase in the population in the Palma district due to the influx of IDPs, water became an urgent necessity. It was agreed amongst the 'Pamoja Tunaweza' stakeholders that a major investment had to be made to: i) provide support to stakeholders, including local government and community leaders, in creating a healthy and sanitary environment for returning IDPs; ii) Consolidate actions to provide drinking water through the rehabilitation and repairs of boreholes, and; iii) Improve community sanitation through the formation and training of water committees and the promotion of the construction of improved latrines.

Our actions began in February of 2022 in coordination with Incomati Holdings, Lda, and Vamoz. Thus far, the project has achieved the following results:

20,000

people have access to drinking water

5

new water wells in the Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts

21

people trained in construction and maintenance of water wells

57

water wells rehabilitated in the Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts

120

temporary jobs created in the Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts



D Education – Promoting access to Primary School Education



Increasing the quality of education has always been a top priority for the Mozambique LNG Project and the ‘*Pamoja Tunaweza*’ stakeholders. To accomplish this, our efforts are focused on: i) increasing the access to education (through improvements in school infrastructures and school feeding programmes); ii) improving the learning outcomes through the quality of education (teacher training and early childhood development).

To achieve the above, we are supporting the government in constructing the Senga Primary School, which will benefit approximately 900 children. The construction initiated in November of 2022 and it is expected to be delivered to the community by first semester of 2023. In addition, we are supporting children with transportation to access schools that are distant from their homes.

E Right to identity – Birth Certificates

Every person has the right to a name and legal identity when there are born. This right is enshrined in the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child and recently recognized in SDG 16.9, which seeks to encourage states to provide legal identity to all, including birth registration, by 2030.” However, this continues to be a challenge in Mozambique for three reasons: a) social norms that inhibit mothers from registering their children before a traditional ceremony takes place; b) distance from the place of birth to the nearest civil registry office; c) many people lost their identity documents during the forced population movement triggered by the insurgent attacks. Without a birth registration or any kind of identification document, people are excluded from accessing important services and opportunities.

To address some of these challenges, the government launched outreach campaigns to register people in the districts and localities of Cabo Delgado. As such, the Mozambique LNG Project supports the government with the logistics for birth and identification registration in the Palma district. By December of 2022, this campaign had issued 15,162 birth certificates and about 2,884 identification cards in the Palma district.

F Safety - Afungi Solar Electrification Project

One of the priorities identified in the project’s early days was access to electricity in the Palma district. Both communities and government authorities of Palma have requested support from the Mozambique LNG Project to electorate community roads. On the other hand, electricity is important to steer development and promotes productivity, high standards of living, and the general safety of individuals and families.



In response, the Mozambique LNG Project procured and installed 690 solar streetlights (using local Micro-SMEs and local labor) in the communities of the Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts. With streetlights, community members have reported an increase sense of walking safety and can now stretch their commercial activities beyond dusk.

G Cabo Delgado Community Dialogue Initiative: Promoting Coexistence and Diversity in Cabo Delgado

Restoring positive relationships, governance, and trust is a challenge in any post-conflict context, which has also been identified in Cabo Delgado. The lack of trust may affect the region's current social and economic development efforts. For this reason, we are supporting a project to create spaces for dialogue that will increase community resilience through citizen engagement in peacebuilding, improve attitudes, perceptions towards coexistence, trust building, and appreciation of diversity.

The goal of the dialogue is to support communities to engage in, participate in and contribute to community issues of concern. More specifically, it seeks to:

- Support open and safe interaction between community members.
- Engage different groups from communities to participate in the shared analysis.
- Encourage joint exploration of the different options and possible solutions, ideas, and initiatives that the community can take forward

This project, with a duration of 18 months, initiated in April of 2022 by *Fundação MASC* with the support of the Mozambique LNG Project. At the end of 2022, we had achieved the following results:

- An MoU was signed with the Christian Council of Mozambique to coordinate all religious groups involved in this project (Christian and Islamic groups)
- The religious leaders visited the internally displaced (IDP) camps in Ancuabe and Metuge, where the first dialogues group was created amongst the IDPs.

H

Humanitarian Assistance

The insurgent attacks in Cabo Delgado, in general, and in the coastal districts in specific, have devastated people's lives and livelihoods. The Mozambique LNG Project has been at the forefront of supporting the impacted communities, mainly in the Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts and other places in the province's southern districts.

At the onset of the insurgent attacks in March of 2021, the Project and its civil society partner VAMAZ provided Marine transportation and ferry escort for around 2,000 IDPs and Air Transportation for about 780 IDPs from Palma to Pemba. We also supported the medical evacuation of about 300 people in the Afungi peninsula area.

Equally, in partnership with INGD, the Mozambique LNG Project provided approximately 200 tons of food distributed in IDP centers in the southern part of the province (Ancuabe, Metuge, Miese, and Montepuez). The support also included donating 7 tons of cassava roots to 684 families, 30 tons of seeds, and 840 chicken hens to 210 IDP families in Ancuabe to revitalize IDPs' livelihoods.

In the Palma district, the Mozambique LNG Project continues to supply humanitarian assistance in partnership with VAMAZ. This support provides health assistance and 266,475 meals to vulnerable families (especially for children, the elderly, and pregnant women) in some communities.

With the restoration of stability in Mocimboa da Praia and the growing return of families, the Mozambique LNG Project has supported around 1,280 families (5,012 people) of IDPs with the distribution of 324 tons of food as well as 98 tons of start-up kits to rebuild peoples' houses and livelihoods. The Project also supports re-establishing local businesses in Palma and Mocimboa da Praia. So far, 120 tons of food and other goods have been distributed to the returnee traders in Mocimboa da Praia to revitalize business activities. Equally, we offered logistical support to transport 1,342 tons of goods to returnee traders in the Palma district from the second semester of 2021 to June 2022. This has helped boost the Palma district's economy, and it is expected to rip the same effects in the Mocimboa da Praia district.





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